MATERI TOEFL SINGKAT

Skill 1 (Subjects & Verbs)

1. A sentence in English must have at least *one Subject* and *One Verb*

Ex: I teach TOEFL every Monday.

2. Common Types of Problems are:

a. Subject is missing
b. Verb is missing
c. S and V are missing

SUBJECTS:

1. NOUN (kata benda): car, house, boy, student
2. Noun Phrase (frasa k. benda): a small car, the big house
3. Pronoun (kata ganti): I, You, We, They, She, He, It

VERBS:

1. To be: is, am, are, was, were, be, been, being
2. Modals: will, would, can, could, shall, should, may, might, must
3. Verb: (V1, V2, Vs/es): play, played, plays
4. Have/has + V3: She has gone.

SKILL 2 (OBJECTS OF PREPOSITIONS)

Prepositions: in, on, at, under, behind, in front of, below, above, across from and etc.

An object of a preposition is a noun or a pronoun that comes after a preposition such as in, at, of, to, by, behind, and on to form a prepositional phrase.

The price (of the books) (in the stores) is very cheap.

The trip (to the island) (on Saturday) will last (for three hours).

A preposition is followed by a noun or pronoun that is called **an object of the preposition**. If a word is an object of a preposition, it is not the subject.

About	Before	For	On	Under
Across	Behind	As	Outside	Unlike
After	Beside	In	Over	Until
Against	From	By	Past	Like
Beyond	Along	At	Since	Upon
Throught	Inside	Up	Through	Versus
Around	Into	On	Among	With
Between	Down	Of	To	Within
Despite	During	Off	Toward	Near

SKILL 3 (PRESENT PARTICIPLES)

Present Participle: Verb + ing

e.g. arriving, teaching, studying

1. A part of the verb
2. An adjective

1. As a part of the verb

If present participle (verb + ing) accompanied by be (am, is, are), it is a part of the verb.

Ex:

1. The train **is** arriving at station on time.
2. The students **are** speaking English with the teacher.

2. As an adjective

If present participle (verb + ing) **is not accompanied by be**, it is an adjective.

1. The train arriving at station **is** now an hour late.
2. The students speaking with the teachers are from class 10.

4. PAST PARTICIPLES (V3)

Past Participles: regular web and irregular verb (verb 3)

Ex: studied, taught. Played

It can function as:

1. A part of the verb
2. An adjective

1. A part of the verb

Past participle is a part of verb if it **appears with have or be**.

Past participle is a part of the verb if it is accompanoied by have or be.

2. An adjective

Kalo munculnya ga sama have/be